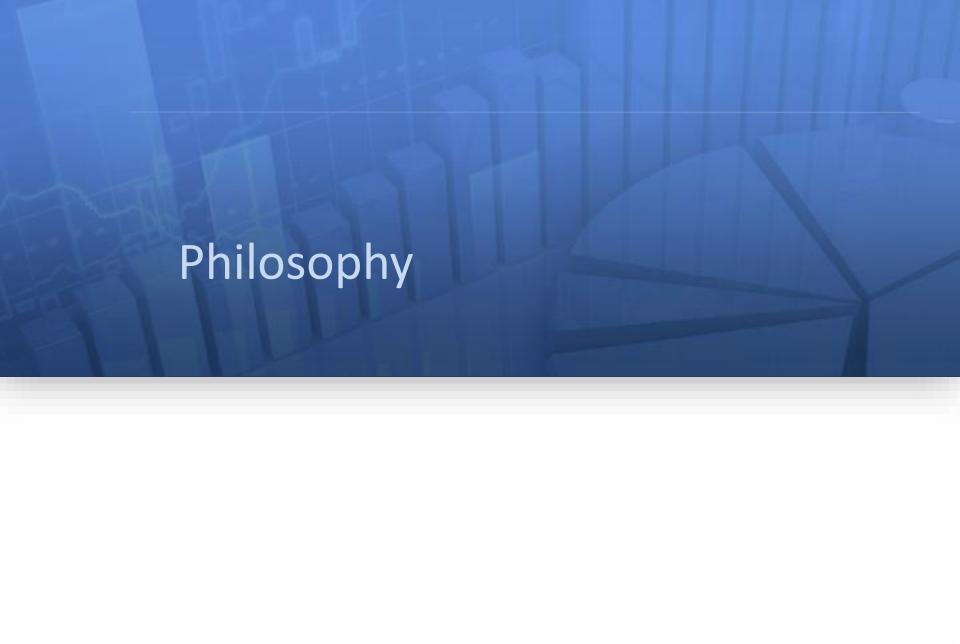
APTSDF:Notes for Black Belt Written Test

This is what you need to know ...



Meaning of Tang Soo Do

- Tang = refers to the Tang Dynasty of China
- Soo = Hand but implies fist, strike, punch or defense
- Do = Way of Life

"Tang Soo Do"
means

The Way of the China Hand

Purpose of Tang Soo Do

- Self Development
- Better Health
- Self Defense

5 Codes

- Loyalty to Country
- Obedience to Parents
- Honor Friendship
- No Retreat in Battle
- In Fighting Choose with Sense & Honor

7 Tenets

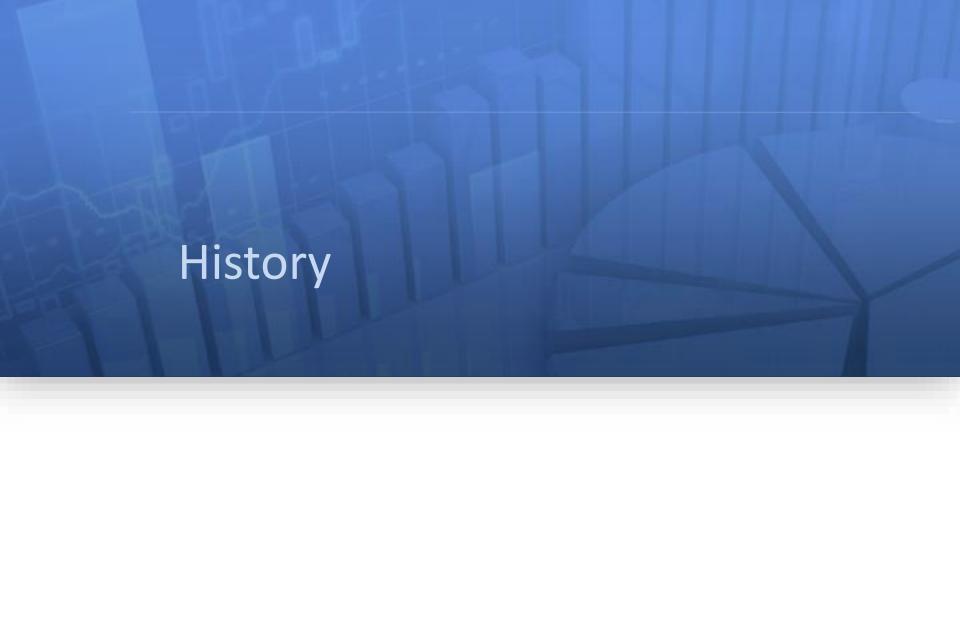
- Integrity
- Concentration
- Perseverance
- Respect & Obedience
- Self-Control
- Humility
- Indomitable Spirit

8 Key Concepts

- Courage
- Concentration
- Endurance
- Honesty
- Power Control
- Tension & Relaxation
- Speed Control
- Humility

10 Attitude Requirements

- Serious approach to the art
- All out effort
- Maintain regular practice
- Practice basic techniques all the time
- Regular classes are essential
- Always follow a routine training schedule
- Regularly inspect your own achievement
- Learn the theory and philosophy of all techniques
- Have your goals planned in advance
- Always listen and follow directions of your instructors

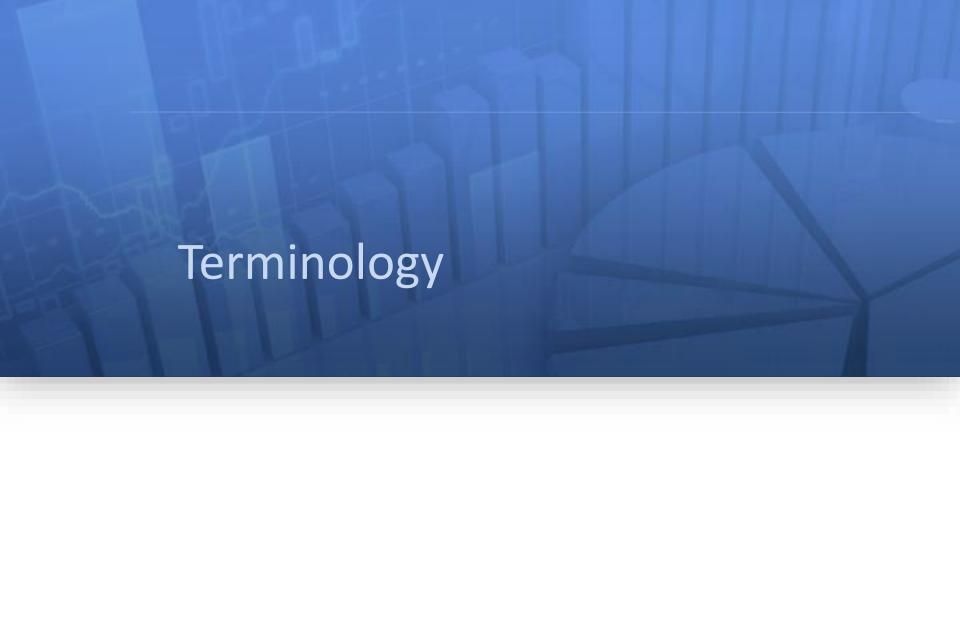


Early Development

- Tang Soo Do can be traced back 2,000 years.
- Korea was divided in 3 kingdoms:
 - Paekche founded in 18 BC
 - Koguryo founded in 37 BC
 - Silla founded in 75 BC
- 668 AD: Silla kingdom unites all 3 kingdoms
 - Hwa Rang Dan Young Aristocrats developed martial arts
 - Won Kwang originates 5 codes of Tang Soo Do
- 918 AD: Koryo kingdom overthrows Silla kingdom
 - Wang Kun leader of the kingdom
- 1392 AD: Yi dynasty overthrew Koryo dynasty
 - 1790: "Mooyae Dobo Tongi" is written (1st martial art book)

Modern History

- 1909: Japan occupies Korea No martial art allowed
- 1945: End of World War 2 Martial art allowed
 - Many schools were created:
 - Moo Duk Kwan by Hwang Kee (also called Soo Bakh Do)
 - Chi Do Kwan by Kwai Byung
 - Yun Moo Kwan by Sang Sup
- 1965: All the arts were combined into "Tae Kwon Do"



Basic Terminology

- Tang Soo Do = Art we are studying
- Dojang = Training Hall
- Kwan Jang Nim = Grandmaster
- Sah Bum Nim = Instructor
- Yu Dan Ja = Black Belt Holder
- Do Bohk = Uniform
- Hyung = Form
- Ho Sin Sul = Self Defense
- Moo Do = Martial Way

Basic Terminology

- Kong Kyuck = Strike/attack
- Mahk Ki = Block
- Cha Ki = Kick
- Soo Do = Knife Hand
- Ja She = Stance
- Ha Dan = Low
- Sang Dan = High
- Choong Dan = Center
- Soo Do = Knife Hand
- Ahp = Front
- Yup = Side
- Tollyo = Round
- Dwi = Back

Basic Terminology

• Il Soo Sik = One Step

• Ho Sin Sul = Self Defense

Dae Ryun = Sparring

Fore Fist = Kap Kwon

Kwan Soo = Spear Hand

Ssang Soo = Two Hand (x block)

Yup Mahk Ki = Side Block

• Shi Jak = Begin

• Jo Ki = Foot Technique

Ba Ro = Return

• Tora = Turn

• Dwi Ro Tora = Turn to The Rear

Basic Stances (Ja Seh)

• Choon Bee Ja Seh = Ready Stance

• Chun Kul Ja Seh = Front Stance

• Hu Kul Ja Seh = Fighting Stance

• Kee Ma Ja Seh = Horse Stance

• Sa Ko Rip Ja She = Side Stance

Basic Movements (Hand)

- Ha Dan Mahk Ki
- Sang Dan Mahk Ki
- Choong Dan Mahk Ki
- Ha Dan Kong Kyuck
- Sang Dan Kong Kyuck
- Choong Dan Kong Kyuck
- Choong Dan Han Jin
- Pahl Put Ki

- = Low Block
- = High Block
- = Center Block
- = Low Punch/Attack
- = High Punch/Attack
- = Center Punch/Attack
- = Side Punch
- **= Punch Exercise in Horse Stance**

Basic Movements (Leg)

• Ahp Cha Ki = Front Kick

• Yup Cha Ki = Side Kick

• Tollyo Cha Ki = Round Kick

• Dwi Cha Ki = Back Kick

• Dwi Tollyo Cha Ki = Spinning Back Kick

• Yup Hu Ryo Cha Ki = Hook Kick

• E Dan = Jumping (Kick)

Commands in Class

• Cha Ryut = Attention

• Kukgi Bae Rye = Salute the Flag

• Ba Ro = Return

Muk yum = Meditation

• Kyung Yet = Bow

• Choon Be = Ready

• Shi Jak = Begin

Anatomy

• Mo Ri = Head

• I Ma = Forehead

• In Chong = Philtrum

• Mok = Neck

• Tuck = Chin

• Pahl = Arm

Pahl Kop = Elbow

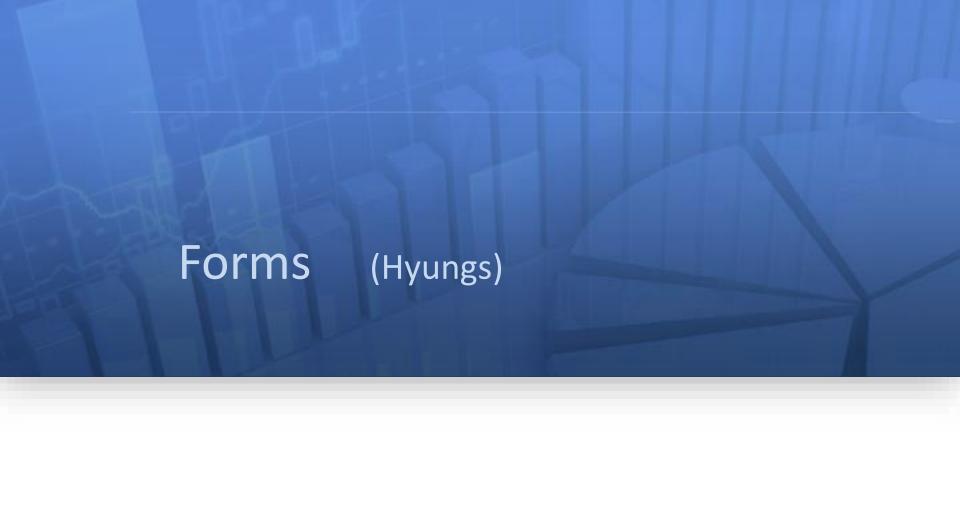
• Soo = Hand

Dan Jun = Lower Abdomen

• Hu Ri = Waist

• Ko Hwan = Groin

• Moo Roope = Knee



Forms	Meaning	# of Counts	# of Moves	# of Kihaps	Duration	Creator	Year	Place
Gi Cho Hyung II Bu	Basic Form #1	20	20	2	30-35 sec	Hwang Kee	1947	Seoul, Korea
Gi Cho Hyung E Bu	Basic Form #2	20	20	2	30-35 sec	Hwang Kee	1947	Seoul, Korea
Gi Cho Hyung Sam Bu	Basic Form #3	20	20	2	30-35 sec	Hwang Kee	1947	Seoul, Korea
Pyung Ahn Cho Dan	Calm, Peace of Mind	20	22	2	35-45 sec	Mr. Idos	1870	Ha Nam, China
Pyung Ahn E Dan	Calm, Peace of Mind	21	29	2	35-45 sec	Mr. Idos	1870	Ha Nam, China
Pyung Ahn Sam Dan	Calm, Peace of Mind	16	25	2	35-45 sec	Mr. Idos	1870	Ha Nam, China
Pyung Ahn Sah Dan	Calm, Peace of Mind	20	29	2	35-45 sec	Mr. Idos	1870	Ha Nam, China
Pyung Ahn Oh Dan	Calm, Peace of Mind	17	27	2	35-45 sec	Mr. Idos	1870	Ha Nam, China
Bassai Dae	Selection of the Best Choice	31	52	3	45-60 sec	Unknown	XVI	Ha Nam, China
Nahanchi	Warrior on a Horse	19	33	2	35-45 sec	Chang Song Gye	XII	Northern China
Sip Soo	Ten Hands	20	29	2	35-45 sec	Unknown	XVII	Northern China

Gi Cho Hyung

• Animal: n/a

• Meaning: Basic

Creator: Hwang Kee

• Date: 1947

Place: Korea

Pyung Ahn

Animal: Turtle

Meaning: Calm, Peaceful

• Creator: Mr. Idos

• Date: 1870

Place: Ha Nam (China)

Bassai Dae

Animal: Snake / Cobra

Meaning: Selection of the Best

Creator: Unknown

Date: XVI Century

Place: Ha Nam (China)

Nahanchi

Animal:

Meaning: Warrior on a Horse

Creator: Chang Song Gye

Date: XII Century

• Place: Northern China

Sip Soo

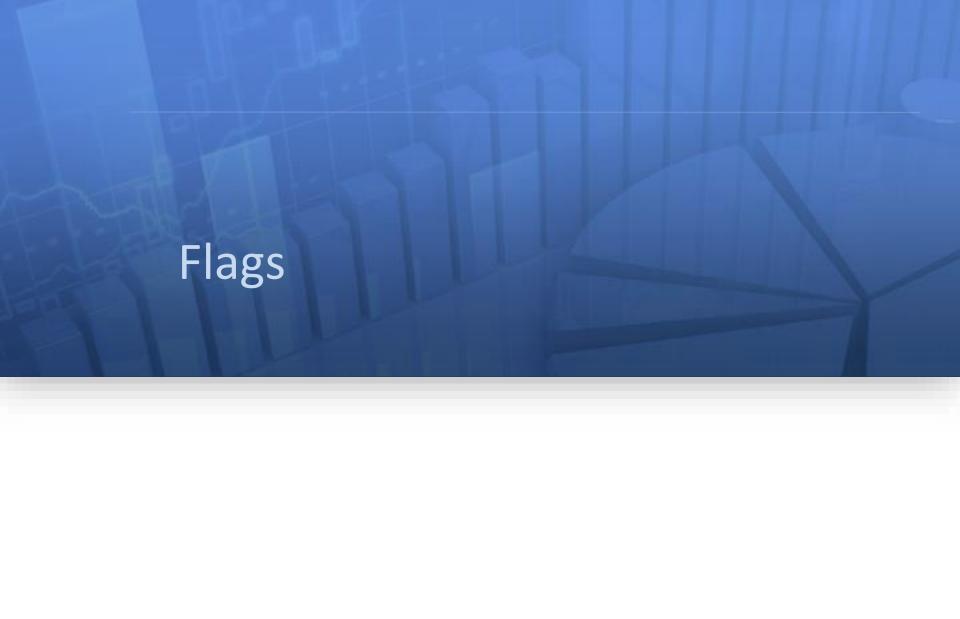
Animal: Bear

Meaning: Ten Hands

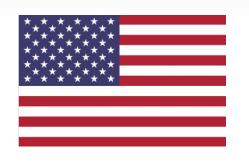
Creator: Unknown

Date: XVII Century

• Place: Northern China



US Flag (Kukgi)







Kukgi

• 50 stars: 50 states

• 13 stripes: 13 original colonies

• Blue: Perseverance & Justice

• White: Purity & Innocence

• Red: Valor & Hardiness

Korean Flag (Tae Keuk Ki)







- Um- Yang: Opposite but complementary
- Heaven
- **==** Earth
- **==** Water
- **==** Fire

Federation Flag (Yon Hap Ki)





Yon Hap Ki

• Blue: Vast knowledge and mystery of the deep oceans

Gold: Royalty, Success

(Moo) Martial Way

Placement of the Flags





Shows proper respect for the country where the Dojang is located



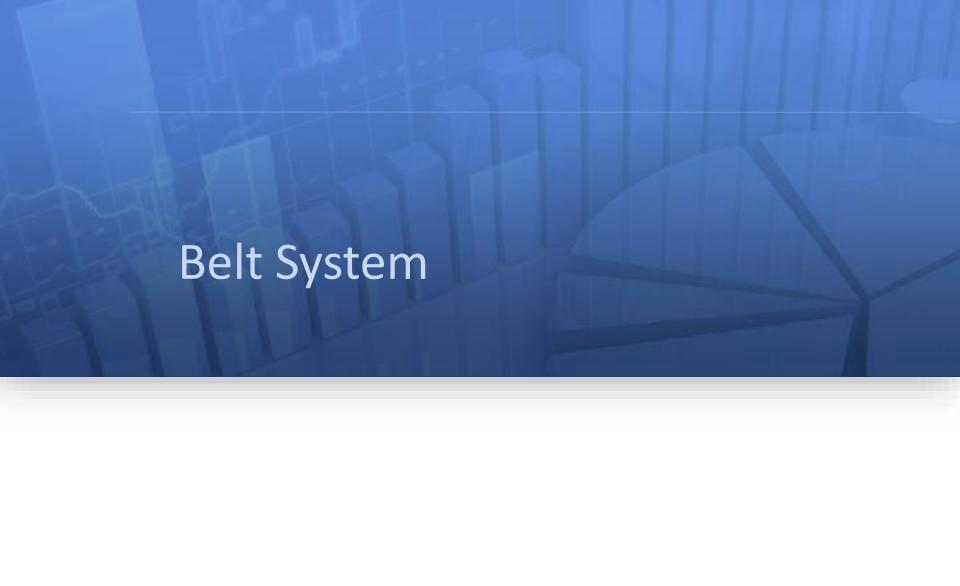


Shows proper respect to the organization that certifies all members of the Dojang





Shows proper respect for the country of origin



Philosophy of The Belt System

Belt	Meaning			
White	The seed at it lies dormant beneath the snows of winter			
Yellow	The heat and sun of very early spring			
Orange	New growth which appears in spring			
Green	The speedy development of youth as summer arrives			
Red	Blood, Life, Energy, Attention & Control			
Blue	Maturity, Respect, Honor			
Black	Mastery, Calmness, Dignity, Sincerity			

Different Types of Black Belt Tests

- Master Testing
 - Once a year at the Master's Clinic
- Regular Black Belt Testing
 - Spring & Fall at a regional event (Camp or championships)
- Color Belt Testing
 - 3-4 times a year at the studio
- Junior Black Belt Testing
 - Spring & Fall at local studio
- Special Needs Black Belt Testing
 - Spring & Fall at local studio